The Humble DESIRES and PROPOSITIONS For a safe and well-grounded PEACE,

Agreed upon by the mutuall Advice and Consent of the PARLIAMENTS of both Kingdoms,

Vnited by Solemn League and Covenant.

Presented unto His Majesty at Oxford the 24. of *Novemb.* last, by Committees from both Houses of Parliament, and Commissioners from the Kingdom of SCOTLAND.

Together with an *Order* and severall *Votes* of the Commons assembled in Parliament, the 4. and 8. of this present *Octob.* 1645. for Delinquents to compound according to the said *Propositions*, and to come in to the Parliament before *Decemb.* next ensuing.

ORdered (*upon the* Question) *by the Commons assembled in Parliament, That the* Propositions sent to His Majesty for a safe and well-grounded Peace, *be forthwith printed and published.* H: Elsynge, Cler. Parl. D. Com.

London, Printed for *Edward Husband*, Printer to the Honorable House of Commons, Octob. 13. 1645.

WEE Your Majesties Loyall Subjects Assembled in the Parliaments of both Your Kingdoms, from the sence of that Duty We owe unto Your Majesty, and of the deep Sufferings and many Miseries under which Your People of all Your Kingdoms lye bleeding in this unnaturall War: After long and serious Consultation about the best wayes and means of their Preservation, and for settling Your Majesties Throne, and Your Subjects in Peace and Security; Have with common consent resolved upon these Propositions, which we do humbly tender unto Your Majesty.

The Humble Desires and Propositions for a safe and well-grounded Peace, *agreed upon by the mutuall advice and consent of the* Parliaments *of both Kingdoms, united by Solemn* League *and* Covenant, *To be presented to His Majesty.*

I. THat by Act of Parliament in each Kingdom respectively, all Oaths, Declarations and Proclamations against both or either of the Houses of the Parliament of *England*; and the late Convention of Estates in *Scotland*, or Committees flowing from the Parliament, or Conventions in *Scotland*, or their Ordinances and proceedings, or against any for adhering unto them, and all Indictments, Outlaries and Attainders against any for the said Causes, be Declared Null, suppressed and forbidden; and that this be publikely intimated in all Parish Churches within His Majesties Dominions, and all other places needfull.

II. That His Majesty according to the Laudable Example of His Royall Father of happy Memory, may be pleased to Swear and Sign the late Solemn League and Covenant; And that an Act of Parliament be passed in both Kingdoms respectively, for injoyning the taking thereof by all the Subjects of the three Kingdoms; and the Ordinances concerning the manner of taking the

ſame in both Kingdoms, be confirmed by Acts of Parliament reſpectively, with ſuch penalties as by mutuall advice of both Kingdoms ſhall be agreed upon.

III. That the Bill be paſſed for the utter aboliſhing and taking away of all Archbiſhops, Biſhops, their Chancellors and Commiſſaries, Deans and Subdeans, Deans and Chapters, Archdeacons, Canons and Prebendaries, and all Chanters, Chancellors, Treaſurers, Subtreaſurers, Succentors and Sacriſts, and all Vicars Chorall, and Choriſters, Old-Vicars and New-Vicars of any Cathedrall or Collegiate Church, and all other their under Officers, out of the Church of *England* and Dominion of *Wales*, and out of the Church of *Ireland*, with ſuch alterations concerning the Eſtates of Prelats, as ſhall agree with the Articles of the late Treaty, of the Date at *Edinburgh*, 29. *Novemb.* 1643. and joynt Declaration of both Kingdoms.

IV. That the Ordinances concerning the calling and ſitting of the Aſſembly of Divines, be confirmed by Act of Parliament.

V. That Reformation of Religion according to the Covenant, be ſetled by Act of Parliament, in ſuch manner as both Houſes ſhall agree upon, after Conſultation had with the Aſſembly of Divines: And foraſmuch as both Kingdoms are mutually obliged by the ſame Covenant to indeavour the neereſt Conjunction and Vniformity in matters of Religion; that ſuch Vnity and Vniformity in Religion according to the Covenant, as after Conſultation had with the Divines of both Kingdoms now Aſſembled, ſhall be joyntly agreed upon by both Houſes of the Parliament of *England*, and by the Church and Kingdom of *Scotland*, be confirmed by Acts of Parliament of both Kingdoms reſpectively.

VI. That for the more effectuall diſabling Jeſuits, Prieſts, Papiſts, and Popiſh Recuſants from diſturbing

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the State, and deluding the Laws: and for the better discovering and speedy conviction of Recusants; An Oath be established by Act of Parliament to be administred to them, wherein they shall abjure and renounce the Popes Supremacy, the Doctrine of Transubstantiation, Purgatory, Worshipping of the Consecrated Hoast, Crucifixes and Images, and all other Popish Superstitions and Errors: And refusing the said Oath, being tendered in such manner as shall be appointed by the said Act, to be a sufficient Conviction in Law of Recusancy.

VII. An Act of Parliament for Education of the Children of Papists, by Protestants in the *Protestant* Religion.

VIII. An Act for the true Leavy of the penalties against them, which penalties to be Leavied and disposed in such manner as both Houses shall agree on, wherein to be provided that His Majesty shall have no losse.

IX. That an Act be passed in Parliament, whereby the practises of Papists against the State may be prevented, and the Laws against them duly Executed, and a stricter course taken to prevent the saying or hearing of Masse in the Court, or any other part of this Kingdom.

X. The like for the Kingdom of *Scotland*, concerning the four last preceding Propositions, in such manner as the Estates of Parliament there shall think fit.

XI. That the King shall give His Royall assent to an Act for the due Observation of the Lords-day.

And to the Bill for the suppression of Innovations in Churches and Chappels, in and about the Worship of God, &c. and for the better advancement of the Preaching of Gods holy Word in all parts of this Kingdom.

And to the Bill against the injoying of Pluralities of Benefices by Spirituall persons, and *Non*-Residency.

And to an Act to be framed and agreed upon by both Houses of Parliament, for the Reforming and Regulating

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of both Universities, of the Colledges of *Westminster*, *Winchester* and *Æton*.

And to an Act in like manner to be agreed upon for the suppression of Interludes and Stage-playes, this Act to be perpetuall.

And to an Act for the taking of the Accompts of the Kingdom.

And to an Act to be made for relief of sick and maimed souldiers, and of poor widows and children of souldiers.

And to such Act or Acts for raising of Moneys for the payment and satisfying of the publique Debts and Damages of the Kingdom, and other publique uses, as shall hereafter be agreed on by both Houses of Parliament.

And to an Act or Acts of Parliament, for taking away the Court of Wards and Liveries, and all Wardships, Liveries, Primer Seisins, and *Oustre le Maines*; and all other charges incident or arising for or by reason of Wardship, Livery, Primer, Seisin, or *Oustre le Maine*; And for the taking away of all Tenures by Homage, and all Fines, Licences, Seizures and Pardons for Alienation, and all other charges incident thereunto, and for turning of all Tenures by Knights service, either of His Majesty or others, or by Knights service or Soccage *in capite* of His Majesty into free and common Soccage; And that His Majesty will please to accept in Recompence hereof, One hundred thousand pounds *per Annum*.

And give assurance of His consenting in the Parliament of *Scotland*, to an Act ratifying the Acts of the Convention of the Estates of *Scotland*, called by the Councell and Conservators of Peace, and the Commissioners for the common Burthens, and assembled the 22. day of June, 1643. and severall times continued since in such manner, and with such additions and other Acts, as the Estates convened in this present Parliament shal think convenient.

XII.

XII. That an Act be passed in the Parliaments of both Kingdoms respectively, for confirmation of the Treaties passed betwixt the two Kingdoms, *viz.* The large Treaty, the late Treaty for the coming of the Scots Army into *England*, and the setling of the Garrison of *Berwick*, of the 29. of *Novemb.* 1643. and the Treaty concerning *Ireland*, of the 6. of *August*, 1642. with all other Ordinances and proceedings passed betwixt the two Kingdoms, in pursuance of the said Treaties.

XIII. That an Act of Parliament be passed to make void the Cessation of *Ireland*, and all Treaties with the Rebels without consent of both Houses of Parliament; and to settle the prosecution of the War of *Ireland* in both Houses of Parliament, to be managed by the joynt advice of both Kingdoms, and the King to assist, and to do no Act to discountenance or molest them therein.

XIV. That an Act be passed in the Parliaments of both Kingdoms respectively, for establishing the joynt Declaration of both Kingdoms, bearing Date the 30. of *January*, 1643. in *England*, and 1644. in *Scotland*, with the Qualifications ensuing:

1. THat *the persons who shall expect no Pardon, be onely these following:* Rupert *and* Maurice, *Count Palatines of the Rhine*, Iames *Earl of Derby*, Iohn *Earl of Bristoll*, William *Earl of Newcastle*, Francis *Lord* Cottington, Iohn *Lord* Paulet, George *Lord* Digby, Edward *Lord* Littleton, William Laud *Archbishop of Canterbury*, Matthew Wren *Bishop of Ely*, *Sir* Robert Heath *Knight*, *Doctor* Bramhall *Bishop of Derry*, *Sir* Iohn Byron *Knight*, *Sir* William Widdrington, *Colonell* George Goring, Henry Iermyn *Esq*; *Sir* Ralph Hopton, *Sir* Francis Doddington, *Mr.* Endymion Porter, *Sir* George Ratcliffe, *Sir* Marmaduke Langdale, *Sir* Iohn Hotham, *Capt.* Iohn Hotham *his son*, *Sir* Henry Vaughan, *Sir* Francis Windebank, *Sir* Richard Greenvile, *Mr.* Edward Hide, *Sir* Iohn Marley, *Sir* Nicholas Coales, *and Sir* Thomas Riddell *junior*, *Col:* Ware, *Sir* Iohn Strangewayes, *Sir* Iohn Colepeper,

peper, *Sir* Richard Floyde, Iohn Bodevile *Esq*; *Mr.* David Ienkins, *Sir* George Strode, *Sir* Alexander Carew, *Marqueſſe of* Huntley, *Earl of* Montroſſe, *Earl of* Niddiſdaill, *Earl of* Traquair, *Earl of* Carnwath, *Viconnt of* Aboyne, *Lord* Ogilby, *Lord* Ree, *Lord* Harris, Lodowick Lindſey *ſometime Earl of Crawford*, Patrick Ruthven *ſometime Earl of Forth*, James King *ſometime Lord* Itham, Irwing *younger of Drunim*, Gordon *younger of Gight*, Leſley of *Auchintoule*, *Sir* Robert Spottiſwood *of Dunipace*, *Colonel* Iohn Cockran, *Mr.* Iohn Maxwell *ſometime pretended Biſhop of Roſſe*, Mr. Walter Balcanquell; *And all ſuch others as being proceſſed by the Eſtates for Treaſon, ſhall be condemned before the Act of Oblivion be paſſed.*

2. *All Papiſts and Popiſh Recuſants, who have been, now are, or ſhall be actually in Arms, or voluntarily aſſiſting againſt the Parliaments or Eſtates of either Kingdom.*

3. *All perſons who have had any hand in the plotting, deſigning or aſſiſting the Rebellion of* Ireland.

4. *That* Humphry Bennet *Eſq*; *Sir* Edward Ford, *Sir* Iohn Penruddock, *Sir* George Vaughan, *Sir* Iohn Weld, *Sir* Robert Lee, *Sir* Iohn Pate, Iohn Ackland, Edmund Windham, *Eſquires*; *Sir* Iohn Fitzherbert, *Sir* Edward Laurence, *Sir* Ralph Dutton, Henry Lingen *Eſq*; Sir William Ruſſell *of Worceſterſhire*, Tho: Lee *of Adlington Eſq*; *Sir* Iohn Girlington, *Sir* Paul Neale, *Sir* William Thorold, *Sir* Edward Huſſey, *Sir* Thomas Liddell *ſenior*, *Sir* Philip Muſgrave, *Sir* Iohn Digby *of* Not: *Sir* Henry Fletcher, *Sir* Richard Minſhall, Laurence Halſteed, Iohn Denham, *Eſquires*; *Sir* Edmund Forteſcue, Peter Saint Hill *Eſq*; *Sir* Thomas Tildeſley, *Sir* Henry Griffith, Michael Wharton *Eſquire*, *Sir* Henry Spiller, *Sir* George Benyon, *Sir* Edward Nicholas, *Sir* Edward Walgrave, *Sir* Edward Biſhop, *Sir* Robert Owſley, *Sir* Iohn Many, Lo: Cholmley, *Sir* Thomas Aſton, *Sir* Lewis Dives, *Sir* Peter Osborne, Samuel Thorneton *Eſquire*, *Sir* Iohn Lucas, Io: Blaney *Eſq*; *Sir* Thomas Chedle, *Sir* Nicho: Kemiſh, *and* Hugh Lloyde *Eſquire*, *And all ſuch of the Scottiſh Nation, as have concurred in the Votes at* Oxford, *againſt the Kingdom of* Scotland *and their proceedings, or have ſworn or ſubſcribed the Declaration againſt the Convention and Covenant, And all ſuch as have aſſiſted the Rebellion in the North, or the invaſion in the South of the ſaid Kingdom of* Scotland, *or the late invaſion made there by the* Iriſh *and their Adherents.*

And

And that the Members of either Houſe of Parliament, who have not onely deſerted the Parliament, but have alſo Voted both Kingdoms Traytors, *may be removed from His Majeſties Counſels; and be reſtrained from coming within the Verge of the Court, and that they may not without the advice and conſent of both Kingdoms bear any Office or have any Imployment concerning the State or Common-Wealth; And alſo that the Members of either Houſe of Parliament, who have deſerted the Parliament, and adhered to the Enemies thereof, and have not rendred themſelves before the laſt of* October, 1644. *may be removed from his Majeſties Councels, and be reſtrained from coming within the Verge of the Court, and that they may not without the Advice and Conſent of both Houſes of Parliament bear ony Office, or have any Imployment concerning the State or Common-wealth: And in caſe any of them ſhall offend therein, to be guilty of High Treaſon, and incapable of any pardon by His Majeſty, And their Eſtates to be diſpoſed as both Houſes of Parliament in* England, *or the Eſtates of the Parliament in* Scotland *reſpectively ſhall think fit.*

5. *That by Act of Parliament all Judges and Officers towards the Law (Common and Civill) who have deſerted the Parliament, and adhered to the enemies thereof, be made incapable of any place of Judicature or Office towards the* Law *(Common or Civill) And that all Sergeants, Councellors, and Attornies (Doctors, Advocates and Proctors) of the Law (Common or Civill) who have deſerted the Parliament, and adhered to the Enemies thereof, be made incapable of any practiſe in the* Law *(Common or Civill) either in publike or in private, And that they, and likewiſe all Biſhops, Clergy-men, and other Eccleſiaſticall perſons, who have deſerted the Parliament, and adhered to the Enemies thereof, ſhall not be capable of any preferment or Imployment in Church or Common-wealth, without the Advice and Conſent of both Houſes of Parliament.*

6. *The perſons of all others to be free of all perſonall Cenſure, notwithſtanding any Act or thing done in or concerning this War, they taking the Covenant.*

7. *The Eſtates of thoſe perſons excepted in the firſt three preceding Qualifications, to pay publike debts and damages.*

8. *A third part on full value of the Eſtates of the perſons made incapable of any Imployment as aforeſaid, to be imployed for the payment of the publike debts and damages, according to the Declaration.*

9. *And likewiſe a tenth part of the Eſtates of all other Delinquents*

 within

within the joynt Declaration, And in caſe the Eſtates and proportions aforementioned, ſhall not ſuffice for the payment of the publike ingagements, whereunto they are onely to be imployed, that then a new proportion may be appointed by the joynt advice of both Kingdoms, providing it exceed not the one moyety of the Eſtates of the perſons made incapable as aforeſaid, and that it exceed not a ſixth part of the Eſtates of the other Delinquents.

10. *That the perſons and Eſtates of all Common Souldiers and others of the Kingdom of* England, *who in Land or Goods be not worth* 200. l. *ſterlin, And the perſons and Eſtates of all Common Souldiers and other of the Kingdom of* Scotland *who in land or goods be not worth* 100. l. *ſterlin be liberty at and diſcharged.*

11. *That an Act be paſſed whereby the debts of the Kingdom, and the perſons of Delinquents, and the value of their Eſtates may be known: And which Act ſhall appoint in what manner the Confiſcations and proportions before mentioned may be leavied and applied to the diſcharge of the ſaid ingagements.*

XV. That by Act of Parliament the Subjects of the Kingdom of *England* may be appointed to be Armed, Trayned and Diſciplined in ſuch manner as both Houſes ſhall think fit.

The like for the Kingdom of *Scotland*, in ſuch manner as the Eſtates of Parliament there ſhall think fit.

XVI. That an Act of Parliament be paſſed for the ſetling of the Admiralty and Forces at Sea, and for the raiſing of ſuch moneys for the maintenance of the ſaid Forces, and of the Navy, as both Houſes of Parliament ſhall think fit.

The like for the Kingdom of *Scotland*, in ſuch manner as the Eſtates of Parliament there ſhall think fit.

XVII. An Act for the ſetling of all Forces by Sea and Land, in Commiſſioners, to be nominated by both Houſes of Parliament, of perſons of known integrity, and ſuch as both Kingdoms may Confide in for their faithfulneſſe to Religion and Peace of the Kingdoms;

of the Houſe of Peers

and

and of the Houſe of Commons, who ſhall be removed or altered from time to time, as both Houſes ſhall think fit: And when any ſhall die, others to be nominated in their places by the ſaid Houſes, which Commiſſioners ſhall have power,

1. *Firſt, to ſuppreſſe any Forces raiſed without Authority of both Houſes of Parliament, or, in the Intervals of Parliament, without conſent of the ſaid Commiſſioners, to the diſturbance of the publike Peace of the Kingdoms, And to ſuppreſſe any Forraign Forces, that ſhall invade this Kingdom, And that it ſhall be High Treaſon in any who ſhall leavy any Force without ſuch Authority or conſent, to the diſturbance of the publike Peace of the Kingdoms, Any Commiſſion under the great Seal or other Warrant to the contrary notwithſtanding; and they to be incapable of any pardon from His Majeſty, and their Eſtates to be diſpoſed of as both Houſes of Parliament ſhall think fit.*

2. *To preſerve the Peace now to be ſetled, and to prevent all diſturbances of the publike Peace, that may ariſe by occaſion of the late troubles.*

So for the Kingdom of Scotland.

3. *To have power to ſend part of themſelves, ſo as they exceed not a third part, or be not under the number of*

to reſide in the Kingdom of Scotland, *to aſſiſt and vote as ſingle perſons, with the Commiſſioners of* Scotland, *in thoſe matters wherein the Kingdom of* Scotland *is onely concerned.*

So for the Kingdom of Scotland.

4. *That the Commiſſioners of both Kingdoms may meet as a joynt Committee as they ſhall ſee cauſe, or ſend part of themſelves, as aforeſaid, to do as followeth:*

1. *To preſerve the Peace betwixt the Kingdoms and the King, and every one of them.*

2. *To prevent the violation of the Articles of Peace, as aforeſaid, or any troubles ariſing in the Kingdoms, by breach of the ſaid Articles, and to hear and determine all differences that may occaſion the ſame according to the Treaty, And to do further according as they ſhall reſpectively receive inſtructions from both Houſes of Parliament in* England, *or the Eſtates of Parliament in* Scotland, *And in the intervalls of Parliament from the Commiſſioners for the preſervation of the publique Peace.*

3. *To raiſe and joyn the Forces of both Kingdoms to reſiſt all Forraign Invaſion, And to ſuppreſſe any Forces raiſed within any of the Kingdoms, to the diſturbance of the publike Peace of the Kingdoms, by any Authority under the Great Seal or other Warrant whatſoever, without conſent of both Houſes of Parliament in* England, *And the Eſtates of the Parliament in* Scotland, *or the ſaid Commiſſioners of that Kingdom whereof they are Subjects, And that in thoſe caſes of joynt concernment to both Kingdoms, the Commiſſioners to be directed to be there all, or ſuch part as aforeſaid, to Act and direct as joynt Commiſſioners of both Kingdoms.*

4. *To order the War of* Ireland, *according to the Ordinance of the* 11. *of* April, *and to Order the Militia, and conſerve the Peace of the Kingdom of* Ireland,

XVIII. That His Majeſtie give His aſſent to what the two Kingdoms ſhall agree upon, in proſecution of the Articles of the large Treaty, which are not yet finiſhed.

XIX. That by Act of Parliament, all Peers made ſince the day that *Edward* Lord *Littleton*, then Lord Keeper of the Great Seal, deſerted the Parliament, and that the ſaid Great Seal was ſurreptitiouſly conveyed away from the Parliament, being the 21. day of *May*, 1642. and who ſhall be hereafter made, ſhall not ſit or Vote in the Parliament of *England*, without conſent of both Houſes of Parliament. And that all Honour and Title conferred on any, without conſent of both Houſes of Parliament, ſince the 20. day of *May*, 1642. being the day that both Houſes declared, That the King, ſeduced by evil Counſel, intended to raiſe War againſt the Parliament, be declared Null and void.

The like for the Kingdom of *Scotland*; thoſe being excepted, whoſe Patents were paſſed the Great Seal before the fourth of *June*, 1644.

XX. That by Act of Parliament, the Deputy, or chief Governor, or other Governors of *Ireland*, be nominated by both Houſes of Parliament; or, in the Intervals of Parliament, by the Commiſſioners; to continue during

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the pleaſure of the ſaid Houſes; or, if the Intervals of Parliament, during the pleaſure of the aforementioned Commiſſioners, to be approved or diſallowed by both Houſes at their next Sitting. And that the Chancellor or Lord Keeper, Lord Treaſurer, Commiſſioners of the Great Seal or Treaſury, Lord Warden of the Cinque-Ports, Chancellor of the Exchequer and Dutchy, Secretary of State, Judges of both Benches, and of the Exchequer of the Kingdoms of *England* and *Ireland*, be nominated by both Houſes of Parliament, to continue *Quam diu bene ſe geſſerint*; and, in the Intervals of Parliament, by the aforementioned Commiſſioners; to be approved or diſallowed by both Houſes, at their next Sitting.

The like for the Kingdom of *Scotland*, adding the Iuſtice Generall, and in ſuch manner as the Eſtates in Parliament there ſhall think fit.

XXI. That by Act of Parliament the Education of Your Majeſties Children, and the Children of Your Heirs and Succeſſours, be in the true Proteſtant Religion; and that their Tutors and Governours be of known Integrity, and be choſen by the Parliaments of both Kingdoms, or, in the Intervals of Parliament, by the aforenamed Commiſſioners; to be approved or diſallowed by both Parliaments, at their next Sitting: And that, if they be Male, they be married to ſuch onely as are of the true Proteſtant Religion; if they be Female, they may not be married but with the Advice and Conſent of both Parliaments, or, in the Intervals of Parliaments, by their Commiſſioners.

XXII. That Your Majeſty will give Your Royall Aſſent to ſuch wayes and means as the Parliaments of both Kingdoms ſhall think fitting, for the uniting of the Proteſtants Princes, and for the entire Reſtitution and Reeſtabliſhment of *Charles Lodowick* Prince Elector Palatine, his Heirs and Succeſſors, to his Electorall Dignity,

Rights

Rights and Dominions. Provided, that this extend not to Prince *Rupert*, or Prince *Maurice*, or the Children of either of them, who have been the Inſtruments of ſo much Bloodſhed and Miſchief againſt both Kingdoms.

XXIII. That by Act of Parliament the concluding of Peace or War with Forreign Princes and States, be with Advice and Conſent of both Parliaments, or in the Intervals of Parliaments, by their Commiſſioners.

XXIV. That an Act of Oblivion be paſſed in the Parliaments of both Kingdoms reſpectively, relative to the Qualifications in the Propoſition aforeſaid, concerning the joynt Declaration of both Kingdoms, with the exception of all Murderers, Thieves, and other Offenders, not having relation to the War.

XXV. That the Members of both Houſes of Parliament, or others, who have, during this Parliament, been put out of any place or Office, Penſion or Benefit, for adhering to the Parliament, may either be reſtored thereunto, or otherwiſe have recompence for the ſame, upon the humble deſire of both Houſes of Parliament.

The like for the Kingdom of *Scotland*.

XXVI. That the Armies may be disbanded at ſuch time, and in ſuch manner, as ſhall be agreed upon by the Parliaments of both Kingdoms, or ſuch as ſhall be authorized by them to that effect.

That an Act be paſſed for the granting & confirming of the charters, cuſtoms, liberties & Franchiſes of the city of *London*, notwithſtanding any Nonuſer, Miſuſer, or Abuſer.

That the *Militia* of the city of *London* may be in the Ordering and Government of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commons in Common-Councell aſſembled, or ſuch as they ſhall from time to time appoint; whereof the Lord Mayor and Sheriffs for the time being to be three. And that the *Militia* of the Pariſhes without *London* and the Liberties, within the weekly Bills of Mor-

Mortality, may be under the command of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commons in Common-Councel of the ſaid city, to be ordered in ſuch manner as ſhall be agreed on and appointed by both Houſes of Parliament.

That the Tower of *London* may be in the government of the city of *London*, and the chief Officer and Governor thereof from time to time be nominated and removable by the Common Councell.

That the citizens or forces of *London* ſhall not be drawn out of the city into any other parts of the Kingdom, without their own conſent; and that the drawing of their forces into other parts of the Kingdom in theſe diſtracted times, may not be drawn into example for the future.

And for prevention of inconveniencies which may happen by the long intermiſſion of Common-Councels, It is deſired that there may be an Act, That all By-laws and Ordinances already made, or hereafter to be made, by the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commons in Common-Councel aſſembled, touching the Calling, Continuing, Directing and Regulating the ſame, ſhall be as effectuall in Law, to all intents and purpoſes, as if the ſame were particularly enacted by Authority of Parliament; and that the Lord Major, Aldermen and Commons in Common-Councel, may adde to, or repeal the ſaid Ordinances from time to time, as they ſhall ſee cauſe.

That ſuch other Propoſitions as ſhall be made for the city, for their further ſafety, welfare and Government, and ſhall be approved of by both Houſes of Parliament, may be granted and confirmed by Act of Parliament.

Now therefore we humbly beſeech your Majeſty to grant theſe Propoſitions, which are preſented for the Peace and Publike good of Your Kingdoms. And as we therein, according to our Truſt and Duty, have regard to the Glory of God, The quiet and Welfare of Your people, So ſhall we really endeavour, That Your Majeſty may live in the Splendor and Glory of Your Royall Progenitors, and which beſeemeth Your Royall Place and Dignity.

Die

Die Sabbathi, 4. Octobr. 1645.

Reſolved upon the Queſtion,

THat the Rule by which the Committees ſhall proceed with ſuch as come in to compound for their Delinquency, ſhall be according to the reſpective proportions ſet down in the Propoſitions of both Kingdoms, formerly ſent to His Majeſty for a ſafe and well-grounded Peace.

Reſolved, &c.

That this favour of the proportions ſet down in the Propoſitions to be held with ſuch as compound for their Delinquencies, ſhall be extended to none other but to ſuch as ſhall come in between this and the firſt of *December* next.

H: Elſynge Cler. Parl. D. Com.

Die Mercurii, 8. Octobr. 1645.

ORdered by the Commons aſſembled in Parliament, That all ſuch Delinquents as ſhall come in and ſubmit themſelves to the Parliament, in purſuance of the Order of this Houſe of the 4. of this inſtant *October*, ſhall within twenty four hours after their coming within the Lines of Communication, preſent themſelves to Mr. Speaker, to be ſent by him to make their compoſitions with the Committee authorized thereunto.

H: Elſynge, Cler. Parl. D. Com.